## Webtable 1

Associations of ACEI/ARB use and patient death in the four different strategies of model selection. Variables that were identified as confounder were included into the multivariate analysis. All predicting variables with the exception of recipient age and year of first renal replacement therapy were used as time dependent covariates in the Cox regression analysis.

Variable	Hazard Ratio	95% CI	p-value			
Stratified for quintile of propensity scores of ACEI/ARB use						
ACEI/ARB	0.63	0.49 – 0.81	<0.001			
The propensity scores was ir	ncluded as numerica	Il covariable				
ACEI/ARB	0.62	0.48 – 0.79	<0.001			
Propensity score	1.37	0.93 – 2.03	0.11			
Multivariable model based or	n clinical expertise					
ACEI/ARB	0.57	0.40 - 0.81	0.002			
Number of antihypertensive	1.10	1.00 – 1.24	0.10			
drugs						
Cumulative time on dialysis	1.13	1.04 – 1.24	0.006			
(per year)						
Recipient age at	1.75	1.54 – 1.99	<0.001			
transplantation (per decade)						
Year of first renal	1.05	1.00 – 1.11	0.075			
replacement therapy						
Transplant numbers	0.82	0.55 – 1.22	0.32			
Diabetes type 1	1.46	0.36 – 5.97	0.61			
Diabetes type 2	1.50	1.07 – 2.11	<0.018			

Variable	Hazard Ratio	95% CI	p-value
15 <gfr<=30ml min="" td="" vs.<=""><td>2.92</td><td>2.08 - 4.10</td><td>&lt;0.001</td></gfr<=30ml>	2.92	2.08 - 4.10	<0.001
GFR>30ml/min			
GFR<=15ml/min vs.	6.00	4·15 – 8·68	<0.001
GFR>30ml/min			

Multivariable model adjusted for variables identified as confounders

ACEI/ARB	0.58	0.38 – 0.88	0.011
Number of antihypertensive	1.09	0.95 – 1.25	0.23
drugs			
Cerebrovascular disease	2.05	1.36 – 3.08	<0.001
Peripheral vascular disease	2.06	1.40 – 3.04	0.001
Coronary heart disease	2.70	1.77 – 4.10	<0.001
Heart failure	1.63	0.94 – 2.83	0.082
Cholesterol (per 10 mg/dl)	0.93	0.90 - 0.96	<0.001
Hemoglobin (per g/dl)	0.82	0.76 – 0.89	<0.001